Private Health
Insurance & Market
Development in Small
Countries

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Small Countries & PHI

Benefits

- inject resources into health systems
- add to consumer choice
- help make the systems more responsive
- enhance individual responsibility (?)

Potential Drawbacks

- may give rise to considerable equity challenges
- adds to health care expenditure (total, and in some cases, public and out of pocket).
- Policy-makers must address "free market" failures and withdrawals to assure PHI access especially for high-risk groups
- Need to balance the sometimes-competing goals of access and the maintenance of a broad and diverse pool of covered lives, particularly in voluntary markets.

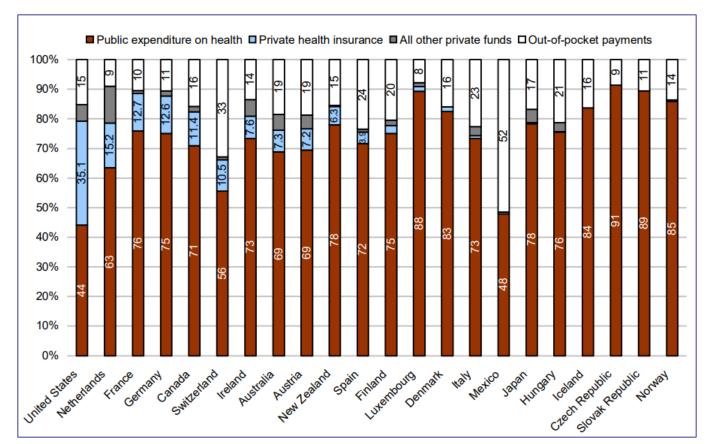


Small Countries & PHI

Critical

- The interactions between public & private cover
- The often competing roles of representative groups (medical, social and advocacy)
- Countries with the highest shares of PHI have lower shares of out-of-pocket (OOP) expenditure in total health spending (THE)
- Stable PHI coverage is critical to stability & growth
- No correlation to GDP to pop'n size or PHI as % of THE
- Countries with > PHI, tend to be those with the highest health spending levels per capita
- Even where PHI is ↑ % of THE, penetration can •







Tempting linkages

 ..."higher the level of insurance, the lower the level of difficulties in consumption and investment - core drivers of economic growth which in turns leads to greater wealth generation"



Private – Public Roles

- Public policy defines the role and the size PHI arrangements in most countries.
- Public and statutory health systems shape PHI markets and determine roles.
- PHI focuses on demographic, epidemiological or service gaps



Mode	Type	Trade in healthcare	Examples
Mode 1	Cross border supply of services	Trade across borders through electronic media; shipment of materials; analysis of information	Telemedicine; Transfer of images for evaluation and analysis such as radiology, histology, cardiology, etc.
Mode 2	Consumption abroad	Care for foreign patients in a destination across a border; foreign students attending classes	Consumers traveling across borders for the express purpose of receiving treatment; students from one location traveling to another location for training
Mode 3	Commercial/operation al presence	Establishment of foreign operations, subsidiaries or investment for the management or provision of health services	Providers from one country initiating services through an operating entity in another country
Mode 4	Presence of natural persons	Temporary movement or location of health professionals providing services abroad; short-term consulting assignments	Locum tenens across borders; consulting



Medical Travel Medically Directed & **Financed by** Traditional (Mode 2) segments **Intermediaries** High Risk Low Acuity: ty / Frequency Tolerance high frequency / low unit value High Acuity: low volume / high

Acuity

There is an inverse relationship between the acuity (complexity) of

nedical / healthcare service and frequency of utilization in the nedical travel markets Consumer

High Risk

Tolerance

Directed & Financed

unit value

Two Samples

- Costa Rica (5.09 million pop'n)
 - Started with mission-based hospitals
 - Exports began w/ dental (60%)
 - Net exporter med-surg interventions
- Barbados (287,250 pop'n)
 - Started w/ a couple ~ 20 years
 - Net exporter of IVF + treatments



Conclusions

For small countries

- 1 Penetration of PHI can
 - generate choice &
 - (maybe) greater wealth generation & investment
- Public sector failure or withdrawal may or may not lead to ♠ PHI
- Private sector health / medical exports
 - Create jobs & investment
 - Require 5+ years
- Public / private systems require alignment
 - Cultural assessment: antagonistic or collaborative



Thank you!!

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